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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Cobalt(II) acetate, anhydrous Trade name

Stock number: 23138 CAS Number: EC number: 71-48-7 200-755-8 Index number 027-006-00-6

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Identified use:

No further relevant information available. SU24 Scientific research and development

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer/Supplier: Alfa

Alfa Aesar GmbH & Co.KG A Johnson Matthey Company

Zeppelinstr. 7b 76185 Karlsruhe / Germany Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300 Email: tech@alfa.com www.alfa.com

Www.ana.com
Product safety Tel + +049 (0) 7275 988687-0
Carechem 24: +44 (o) 1235 239 670 (Multi-language emergency number)
Poison Information Center Mainz
www.giftinfo.uni-mainz.de Telephone: +49(0)6131/19240 Informing department: 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

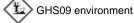
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

GHS08 health hazard

Resp. Sens. 1 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H334

H341 Muta. 2 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carc. 1B H350 May cause cancer. Repr. 1B H360F May damage fertility.



H400 Aquatic Acute 1 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

GHS07

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC

🖳 T; Toxic

R49-60: May cause cancer by inhalation. May impair fertility.

Xn; Harmful

R68: Possible risk of irreversible effects.

Xn; Sensitising

R42/43: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

N; Dangerous for the environment

R50/53:

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Information concerning particular hazards for human and environment:

Not applicable

Other hazards that do not result in classification No information known.

2.2 Label elements Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms

The substance is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

GHS07 GHS08 GHS09

Signal word

Danger H302 Harmful if swallowed. Hazard statements

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing genetic defects. H334 H317

H350 May cause cancer. H360F May damage fertility

Hator May damage refulity.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

**Precautionary statements** 

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT:

vPvB:

Not applicable. Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances CAS# Designation: Identification number(s): EC number:

71-48-7 Cobalt(II) acetate

200-755-8

# Trade name Cobalt(II) acetate, anhydrous

(Contd. of page 1) Index number: 027-006-00-6

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.
Seek immediate medical advice. After inhalation

After skin contact Instantly wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

After eye contact After swallowing

Risea in mediate medical advice.
Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult doctor.

Seek medical treatment.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available. No further relevant information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

CO2, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or alcohol-resistant foam.

If this product is involved in a fire, the following can be released:

arbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Cobalt oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters Protective equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full protective suit.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Ensure adequate ventilation

Do not allow material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits.

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies. Do not allow to enter the ground/soil.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.

No special measures required.
See Section 7 for information on safe handling
See section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
See Section 13 for information on disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevention of secondary hazards: 6.4 Reference to other sections

Handle under dry protective gas.
Keep containers tightly sealed.
Store in cool, dry place in tightly closed containers.
Ensure good vertilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle container with care.

Information about protection against explosions and fires:

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Requirements to be met by storerooms and

containers:

Information about storage in one common

storage facility:

No special requirements

No information known.

Store away from water. Store away from oxidising agents.

Further information about storage

conditions:

REL (USA)

use:

Store under dry inert gas.
This product is hygroscopic.
Keep container tightly sealed.
Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers.
Protect from humidity and keep away from water.
Store in a locked cabinet or with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants.

7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Additional information about design of

technical systems:

Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute.

8.1 Control parameters

Components with critical values that require monitoring at the workplace:

71-48-7 Cobalt(II) acetate (100,0%)

MAK (Germany) einatembare Fraktion; vgl.Abschn.XIII

Long-term value: 0,1\* mg/m³ as Co; \*for metal dust and fume PEL (USA)

Long-term value: 0,05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> as Co; metal dust & fume Long-term value: 0,02 mg/m³ as Co, BEI

TLV (USA) Additional information:

No data

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment General protective and hygienic measures

Breathing equipment: Recommended filter device for short term

The usual precautionary measures should be adhered to in handling the chemicals. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and food. Instantly remove any soiled and impregnated garments. Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work. Store protective clothing separately. Maintain an ergonomically appropriate working environment. Use breathing protection with high concentrations.

Use a respirator with type P100 (USA) or P3 (EN 143) cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. Risk assessment should be performed to determine if air-purifying respirators are appropriate. Only use equipment tested and approved under appropriate government standards.

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# Trade name Cobalt(II) acetate, anhydrous

Protection of hands:

(Contd. of page 2)

Check protective gloves prior to each use for their proper condition.

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Material of gloves Penetration time of glove material

Impervious gloves Not determined

Eye protection: Body protection:

Safety glasses Protective work clothing.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties General Information

Appearance: Form:

Colour Pale pink to purple Smell: Odourless Odour threshold: Not determined. pH-value: Not applicable.

Change in condition
Melting point/Melting range:
Boiling point/Boiling range:
Sublimation temperature / start:
Inflammability (solid, gaseous)
Ignition temperature:
Decomposition temperature:
Self-inflammability: 298 °C (dec) Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Self-inflammability: Not determined

Danger of explosion: Critical values for explosion:

Lower: Upper: Not determined Not determined Steam pressure: Density Not applicable. Not determined Relative density Vapour density Not determined. Not applicable. Not applicable.

Evaporation rate Solubility in / Miscibility with

Water: Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined. Viscosity: dynamic: Not applicable kinematic

9.2 Other information

Not applicable. No further relevant information available.

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity 10.2 Chemical stability

Thermal decomposition / conditions to be

avoided:

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Reacts with strong oxidizing agents Water/moisture Oxidising agents

No information known.

Not determined.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide Cobalt oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

The Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) contains acute toxicity data for this substance. Acute toxicity:

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

Oral LD50 503 mg/kg (rat)

Skin irritation or corrosion May cause irritation Eye irritation or corrosion: May cause irritation

Sensitization:

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Carcinogenicity:

Maý cause irritation
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing genetic defects.
The Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) contains mutation data for this substance.
May cause cancer.
May cause cancer.
May cause cancer.
AC-2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans: limited evidence in humans in the absence of sufficient evidence in experimental animals.
ACGIH A3: Animal carcinogen: Agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at a relatively high dose, by route(s) of administration, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) not considered relevant to worker exposure. Available epidemologic studies do not confirm an increased risk of cancer in exposed humans.
Available evidence suggests that the agent is not likely to cause cancer in humans except under uncommon or unlikely routes or levels of exposure.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Reproductive toxicity: Specific target organ system toxicity -

repeated exposure:

Specific target organ system toxicity - single

exposure:

Aspiration hazard:

Subacute to chronic toxicity:

Additional toxicological information:

No effects known. No effects known. No effects known

Very toxic for fish

The Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) contains multiple dose toxicity data for this substance.

To the best of our knowledge the acute and chronic toxicity of this substance is not fully known.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity:
12.2 Persistence and degradability
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

12.4 Mobility in soil Ecotoxical effects:

No further relevant information available. No further relevant information available. No further relevant information available. No further relevant information available

Additional ecological information: General notes:

Do not allow material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits. Water danger class 3 (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water.

(Contd. on page 4)

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# Trade name Cobalt(II) acetate, anhydrous

(Contd. of page 3) Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system, even in small quantities. Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into soil.

Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies.

May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Avoid transfer into the environment.

Very toxic for aquatic organisms

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT:

vPvB:

Not applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects

Not applicable. No further relevant information available

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recommendation

Uncleaned packagings:

Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste. Must be specially treated under adherence to official regulations. Consult state, local or national regulations for proper disposal.

Recommendation Disposal must be made according to official regulations. Recommended cleaning agent: Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

|--|

ADR, IMDG, IATA

14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR

UN-Number

**IMDG** 

3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Cobalt(II) acetate) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Cobalt(II) acetate), MARINE POLLUTANT ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Cobalt(II) acetate)

acetate)

UN3077

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR

IATA



Class

IMDG, IATA

ЛIЪ

Class

Label

Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA

Ш

14.5 Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant:

Special marking (ADR): Special marking (IATA):

Yes (P) Symbol (fish and tree) Symbol (fish and tree) Symbol (fish and tree)

14.6 Special precautions for user Kemler Number: EMS Number:

Warning: Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles. F-A.S-F

9 (M7) Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles.

9 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

Transport/Additional information:

ADR Excepted quantities (EQ): Limited quantities (LQ)

E1 5 kg 3 E

Transport category
Tunnel restriction code **UN "Model Regulation":** 

UN3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Cobalt(II) acetate), 9, III

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Australian Inventory of Chemical

Substances

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of

Medicines and Poisons

National regulations

Information about limitation of use:

Substance is listed. Substance is not listed.

Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed. For use only by technically qualified individuals.

Water hazard class Water danger class 3 (Self-assessment): extremely hazardous for water. Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations ELINCS (European List of Notified Chemical

Substances)
Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC)
according to the REACH Regulations (EC)
No. 1907/2006.

Substance is not listed.

This substance is included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).

Substance is listed.
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

REACH - Pre-registered substances 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them, and should make independent judgement of suitability of this information to ensure proper use and protect the health and safety of employees. This information is furnished without warranty, and any use of the product not in conformance with this Material Safety Data Sheet, or in combination with any other product or process, is the responsibility of the user.

Department issuing SDS:

Health, Safety and Environmental Department.

(Contd. on page 5)

Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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# Trade name Cobalt(II) acetate, anhydrous

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

P: Marine Pollutant

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

LPWB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (USA)

OSHA: Cocupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)

NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA)

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency (USA)

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 1

Resp. Sens. 1: Sensitisation - Respirat., Hazard Category 1

Muta. 2: Germ cell mutagenicity, Hazard Category 1B

Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity, Hazard Category 1B

Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity, Hazard Category 1B

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard, Category 1